# Architectural Design Rewriting

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### Introduction

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Conclusion

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# Premises and Promises

### Premises

D5.3a Reconfigurations preserving architectural types and shapes.

### Promises

"In future, results of Deliverable 5.3a will be applied to help in deducting rules for reconfiguration."

- D6.1a

*"We will develop a formal model for* [...] *reconfiguration* ..." - Wiki's T5.3 description

"The objective of WP5 is to provide rigorous mathematical foundations for combining services, including [...] reconfiguration." - Wiki's WP5 objective

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# The recipe

### Ingredients

- 20mg (Dynamic) Software Architectures;
- 3 Architectural Styles;
- 10dl Reconfigurations;
- Some Graphs;
- QoS (at will).

### Preparation

Put the ingredients together and mix.

# What are (software) architectures?

### The experts say...

"... the structure of the components of a program / system, their interrelationship, and principles and guidelines governing their design and evolution over time."

- D. Garlan & D. Perry, 1995

# A suitable model for architectures

Graphs as model of typical architectural models

▶ E.g. Components and Connectors.



### Graphs as model of Sensoria languages

- SRML diagrams (see SRML-P(v1.3)).
- Graphical encodings of process calculi.

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# Architectural Styles

### A style is . . .

"...a set of patterns or rules for creating one or more architectures in a consistent fashion."

- IEEE standard 1471

Roughly... Style = Vocabulary + Rules

### Benefits?

Understanding, Reuse, Construction, etc.

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# Models for styles

### As a language

- Implicit style rules.
- Intuitive style-driven design.
- E.g. Graph grammars approaches [Le Métayer, 1996]

### As additional constraints

- Explicit style rules.
- Complex structural rules easier to express.
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# Reconfigurations

### What?

A reconfiguration is a change in a (dynamic) architecture.

### Why?

Security policies, load balancing, mobility, QoS assurance, etc.

### E.g.?

Components joining/leaving the system, binding, wrapping, etc.

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# Outline

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### What is ADR?

# $$\label{eq:ADR} \begin{split} \mathsf{ADR} &= \mathsf{Term} \ \mathsf{Rewriting} + \mathsf{Designs}.\\ \mathsf{Designs} &= \mathsf{Typed} \ \mathsf{Graphs} \ \mathsf{with} \ \mathsf{Interfaces}. \end{split}$$

### Goal

- A unifying model for ...
  - Design;
  - Execution;
  - Reconfiguration.

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# A Client-Server Example. Sorts

Sorts (Vocabulary of Architectural Elements)

The sorts of the client server style are

- Ports (nodes): •.
- Component types (edges, designs)





 $| C | \rightarrow \bullet$ 



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# A Client-Server Example. Values

### Values (Designs)

A design is a typed graph with an edge as interface.



# A Client-Server Example. Operations



$C \longrightarrow \bullet \longleftarrow orchestrator \longrightarrow \bullet \longleftarrow server$

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# A Client-Server Example. Operations



osystem: $\mathcal{C}  ightarrow S$		
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# A Client-Server Example. Operations





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# A Client-Server Example. Operations





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# A Client-Server Example. Operations

### clients : $C \times C \to C$



# noclient : $\rightarrow C$

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# A Client-Server Example. Operations

### clients : $C \times C \to C$



### $\texttt{noclient} :\rightarrow C$



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# A Client-Server Example. Values (again)

### Values (evaluation of terms)

The value of clients(cclient, cclient) is ....



# A Client-Server Example. Reconfiguration rules

### join(Y)

$$X \longrightarrow \texttt{clients}(X, Y)$$

### leave(Y)

 $\texttt{clients}(X,Y) \longrightarrow X$ 

### orchestrate

$$\mathtt{system}(X) \longrightarrow \mathtt{osystem}(X)$$

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# A Client-Server Example. A reconfiguration

### Applying rule orchestrate...

If we have system(clients(cclient, cclient)) ....



... X is matched with clients(cclient, cclient) ...

...and our system becomes osystem(clients(cclient, cclient).



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# A Client-Server Example. More reconfigurations

disconnect

Labeled rule to model individual disconnection:

 $\texttt{cclient} \stackrel{\texttt{disc}}{\longrightarrow} \texttt{client}$ 

Dummy labeled rule:

 $\texttt{client} \stackrel{\texttt{disc}}{\longrightarrow} \texttt{client}$ 

Conditional labeled rule for complex disconnections:

 $\begin{array}{c} X \xrightarrow{\text{disc}} X' & Y \xrightarrow{\text{disc}} Y' \\ \hline \\ \texttt{clients}(X,Y) \xrightarrow{\text{disc}} \texttt{clients}(X',Y') \end{array}$ 

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# A Client-Server Example. Another reconfiguration

### Applying rule disconnect...

If we have osystem(clients(cclient, cclient)) ....



... we obtain osystem(clients(client, client)).



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# Constrained Designs

### Designs with Constraints

- Nodes as QoS attributes.
- Edges as (c-semiring based) constraints.

### Purpose

- Postpone design decisions.
- Trigger reconfigurations.
- Measure reconfiguration alternatives.

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# ADR in detail

### ADR is ...

- Sorts: Vocabulary, Types (Edge and node labels).
- Values: Designs (graphs with interfaces).
- Operations: grammar-like style rules.
- ► Terms: proofs of construction.
- Terms (with variables): partial Designs.
- Axioms: properties of operations.
- Membership equations: additional style rules.
- Rewriting rules: behaviour, reconfigurations.
- Rewriting strategies: style conformance, style analysis, etc.

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# What next?

### Ongoing...

- Implementation in Maude.
- Style for a graphical encoding of the  $\pi$ -calculus.
- Styles for SHR variants.

- Not just symbolic types: service, behavioural, spatial, etc.
- Application to SRML architectures
- Case Study / Scenario.

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# Further reading

### Two drafts

- Style-Based Reconfigurations of Software Architectures with QoS Constraints.
- Architectural Styles for Graphical Encodings of Process Algebras.

I got the idea but I have some...

- Questions?
- Remarks?
- Criticism?
- Suggestions?