

$S \rightarrow ab \mid aSb$

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$T_S(X) = \dots$

trasformazione de  
insiemi di stringhe  
in insiemi di stringhe

$S \rightarrow ab \mid aSb$

$$T(S) = \{a\}\{b\} \cup \{a\}S\{b\}$$

$$X = T(X)$$

$$X = \{a\}\{b\} \cup \{a\}X\{b\}$$

$$AB = \{ \underline{\alpha\beta} \mid \alpha \in A, \beta \in B \}$$

$$A, B \subseteq \Sigma^*$$

$$A\{\} = \{ \alpha\beta \mid \alpha \in A, \beta \in \{\} \} = \{\}$$

$$A\{\epsilon\} = A$$

$$X = \{a\}\{b\} \cup \{a\} \times \{b\} \leftarrow$$

$$\underline{T(X) = \{a\}\{b\} \cup \{a\} \times \{b\}}$$

$$T^0(\{1\}) = \{\}$$

$$T^1(\{1\}) = \underline{\{a\}\{b\}} \cup \underline{\{a\}\{1\}} \cup \{b\} = \{ab\}$$

$$T^2(\{1\}) = T(T^1(\{1\})) = T(\{ab\})$$

$$= \{a\}\{b\} \cup \{a\}\{ab\}\{b\} = \{ab, aabb\}$$

$$X = \{a\} \{b\} \cup \{a\} \times \{b\} \leftarrow$$

$$\underline{T(X) = \{a\} \{b\} \cup \{a\} \times \{b\}}$$

$$T^3(\{1\}) = T(T^2(\{1\})) =$$

$$T(\{ab, aabb\}) =$$

$$\{a\} \{b\} \cup \{a\} \{ \underline{ab, aabb} \} \{b\} =$$

$$\{ab, aabb, aaaaabbb\} \quad \dots$$

$$X = \{a\} \{b\} \cup \{a\} \times \{b\} \leftarrow$$

$$\underline{T(X) = \{a\} \{b\} \cup \{a\} \times \{b\}}$$

$$\bigcup_{i \geq 0} T^i(\{ \}) = \left\{ a^m b^m \mid m > 0 \right\}$$

$$AB = \{\alpha\beta \mid \alpha \in A, \beta \in B\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{\alpha \mid \alpha \in A \text{ oppure } \alpha \in B\}$$

$$A = \{ab, cd\}$$

$$B = \{ab, aab\}$$

$$AB = \{abab, abaab, cdab, cdaab\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{ab, cd, aab\}$$

$P \rightarrow () \mid (P) \mid PP$

~~$P \rightarrow SP \mid S$   
 $S \rightarrow () \mid (P)$~~



$()()()$

mutuamente

recursiva



$$P \rightarrow SP | S$$

$$S \rightarrow () | (P)$$

$$T_P(P, S) = SP \cup S$$

$$T_S(P, S) = \{()\} \cup \{(P)\}$$



$$A = SPUS$$

$$S = \left\{ \left. \begin{array}{l} ( ) \\ ( ) \end{array} \right\} \cup \left\{ \left. \begin{array}{l} ( ) \\ P \\ ( ) \end{array} \right\} \right\}$$

$$A = \begin{matrix} (S, P) \\ \downarrow \varphi \end{matrix}$$

$$S = \begin{matrix} (S) \\ \downarrow \varphi \end{matrix}$$

$$P = SP \cup S$$

$$S = \{(\ )\} \cup \{(\ ) P (\ )\}$$

$$T_P^0(\{(\ ), \{\}\}) = \{\}\}$$

$$T_S^0(\{(\ ), \{\}\}) = \{\}\}$$

$$T_P^1(\{(\ ), \{\}\}) = T_P(\{(\ ), \{\}\}) = \{\}\} \cup \{(\ )\}$$

$$T_S^1(\{(\ ), \{\}\}) = T_S(\{(\ ), \{\}\}) = \{(\ )\} \cup \{(\ ) P (\ )\}$$

$$= \{(\ )\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_P^2(\{1, \{1\}) &= T_P(T_P^1(\{1, \{1\}), T_S^1(\{1, \{1\})) \\
 &= T_P(\{1, \{(\ )\}) = \{(\ )\} \cup \{(\ )\} \\
 &= \{(\ )\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_S^2(\{1, \{1\}) &= T_S(T_P^1(\{1, \{1\}), T_S^1(\{1, \{1\})) \\
 &= T_S(\{1, \{(\ )\}) = \\
 &\{(\ )\} \cup \{(\ ) \} \cup \{(\ )\} = \{(\ )\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_p^3(11,11) = T_p(T_p^2(11,11), T_s^2(11,11)) \\ = T_p(\{()\}, \{()\}) =$$

$$\{()\} \{()\} \cup \{()\} = \{(), ()()\}$$

$$T_s^3(11,11) = T_s(\{()\}, \{()\}) =$$

$$\{()\} \cup \{()\} \{()\} =$$

$$\{(), ()()\} \leftarrow$$

$$\bigcup_{i \geq 0} T_p^i(\{\}, \{\}) =$$

l'insieme infinito  
delle parentesi bilanciate

$$\bigcup_{i \geq 0} T_s^i(\{\}, \{\}) =$$

l'insieme infinito  
delle parentesi sbilanciate  
racchiuse tra parentesi.

Applicazione del Teorema  
di parsione alle  
definizioni di linguaggio

Come:

Trasformato le  
predizioni delle  
grammatiche in  
def. di trasformazione  
de insieme di stringhe in  
insieme di stringhe

$$S \rightarrow 0A1 \mid 0A$$

$$A \rightarrow 01 \mid 10 \mid 12$$

$$T_S(S, A) = \{0\}A\{1\} \cup \{0\}A$$

$$T_A(S, A) = \{01\} \cup \{10\} \cup \{12\}$$

$$T_S^0(\{\}, \{\}) = \{\} \mid T_S^1(\{\}, \{\}) = \{\}$$

$$T_A^0(\{\}, \{\}) = \{\} \mid T_A^1(\{\}, \{\}) = \{01, 10, 12\}$$



$$T_S(\{\{1\}, \{01, 10, 12\}\}) = T_S^2(\{1\}, \{1\}) = \\ \{0\} \cup \{01, 10, 12\} \cup \{1\}$$

$$= \{0011, 0101, 0121\} \cup \{001, 10, 012\}$$

$$= \{ // , // \}$$

$$T_A(\{1\}, \{01, 10, 12\}) = \{01, 10, 12\}$$

$$= T_A^2(\{1\}, \{1\})$$

$$T_A^3(\{1\}, \{1\}) = T_A^2(\{1\}, \{1\})$$

$$T_S^3(\{1\}, \{1\}) = T_S^2(\{1\}, \{1\})$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \emptyset & \text{se } x = 0 \\ 2 + f(x-1) & \text{se } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

posso applicare il  
 Tes di Ric? NO

$$\underline{\underline{f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}}}$$

# GRAFICO DI UNA FUNZIONE

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Il grafico di una  
funzione  $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$   
è l'insieme delle  
coppie

$$\left\{ \langle m, m \rangle \mid m, m \in \mathbb{N} \text{ e } m = f(m) \right\}$$

$$\text{III s. } f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$f(x) = x + 1$$

$$F = \{ \langle 0, 1 \rangle, \langle 1, 2 \rangle, \langle 2, 3 \rangle, \dots \}$$

$$\langle m, m \rangle$$

tale che  $m = f(m)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & n \quad x = 0 \\ 2 + f(x-1) & n \quad x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$F = \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \} \cup$$

$$\{ \langle x, 2+m \rangle \mid$$

$$\langle x-1, m \rangle \in F \}$$

$$f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$F \subseteq \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \emptyset & \text{re } x = \emptyset \\ 2 + f(x-1) & \text{re } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$F = \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle m, m+2 \rangle \mid \langle m-1, m \rangle \in F \}$$

$$T_F: \mathcal{P}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}}$$

$$F = T_F(F)$$

$$T_{\#}(X) = \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle m, m+2 \rangle \mid \langle m-1, m \rangle \in X \}$$

$$F = T_{\neq}(\neq)$$

$$F = \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle m, m+2 \mid \langle m-1, m \rangle \in F \}$$

$$T_{\neq}^0(\emptyset) = \emptyset$$

$$T_{\neq}^1(\emptyset) = \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle m, m+2 \mid \langle m-1, m \rangle \in \emptyset \}$$

$$= \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \}$$

$$T_{\neq}^2(\emptyset) = T_{\neq}(\{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \}) =$$

$$\{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle \underline{m}, \underline{m+2} \mid \langle m-1, m \rangle \in \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle \} \}$$

$$= \{ \langle 0, 0 \rangle, \langle 1, 2 \rangle \}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m-1=0 \\ m=0 \Rightarrow \\ m=1, m+2=2 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{\#}^3(\{1\}) = T_{\#}(\{ \langle 0,0 \rangle, \langle 1,2 \rangle \}) =$$

$$\{ \langle 0,0 \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle m, m+2 \rangle \mid \langle m-1, m \rangle \in \{ \langle 0,0 \rangle, \langle 1,2 \rangle \} \}$$

$$= \{ \langle 0,0 \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle 1,2 \rangle, \langle 2,4 \rangle \}$$

$$\langle m-1, m \rangle \in \{ \langle 0,0 \rangle, \langle 1,2 \rangle \} \quad \text{so}$$

$\langle m-1, m \rangle = \langle 0,0 \rangle$	$\langle m-1, m \rangle = \langle 1,2 \rangle$
$m = 1$	$m-1 = 1 \mid m = 2$
$m+2 = 2$	$m = 2 \mid m+2 = 4$



$$F = \{ \underline{\langle 0, 0 \rangle, \langle 1, 2 \rangle, \langle 2, 4 \rangle, \dots} \}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x = 0 \\ 2 + f(x-1) & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = 2 \cdot x$$

$$F = \{ (n, m) \mid n, m \in \mathbb{N} \text{ e } m = 2 \cdot n \}$$